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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/681,992	10/08/2003	Cheng-Chung Hsu	LA-7196-132.US	8966
167	7590 09/14/2005		EXAMINER	
	T AND JAWORSKI L ER STREET, 41ST FLO		TRAN, DUE NGOC	
	ES, CA 90071		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	PAPER NUMBER
			2841	

DATE MAILED: 09/14/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/681,992	HSU, CHENG-CHUNG	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Due N. Tran	2841	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING I Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI .136(a). In no event, however, may a d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tte, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08.0	October 2003.		
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL 2b) ☑ Thi	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	3
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.I). 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 1-6 is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin	ner.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 October 2003</u> is/ard	e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊟ ∈	objected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E			d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☒ None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
 Certified copies of the priority documer 	nts have been received.		
Certified copies of the priority documer	nts have been received in A	Application No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	·	n received in this National Stage	
application from the International Burea			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies no	received.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Notice of Other:		

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

- 1. Claims 1, 3, and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Richards et al (US 6,056,579).
- 2. With respect to claim 1, Richards discloses a modularized circuit board mounting architecture for mounting a modularized circuit board to an enclosure, which comprises: a substrate (Fig. 1, element 12), which is used to accommodate the circuitry of the modularized circuit board;

A handle-equipped locking member (Fig. 1, element 58) which is securely attached to one edge of the substrate (Fig. 1), and which is formed with an elongated elastic portion (Fig. 1 element 58, page 6, col. 2, lines 36-42) and a handle portion (Fig. 1), where the elongated elastic portion further includes a front-end pivot portion (Fig. 1), a middle-section hook portion (Fig. 1), and a rear-end press-on portion (Fig. 1 element 66), and the hook portion further includes a sliding surface (Fig. 1) and a stopper surface (Fig. 1 element 62); wherein when the rear-end press-on portion is pressed on, it causes the elongated elastic portion to be pivotally pressed down about the pivot portion (page 6, col. 2, lines 36-38); and a fixation structure (Fig. 1 element 20), which is

provided on the enclosure, and which includes a guide structure (Fig. 1, element 38) and a supportive panel (Fig. 1 element 18) where the supportive panel is formed with at least one locking hole (Fig.1 element 40) corresponding to the hook portion of the elongated elastic portion on the handle-equipped locking member; wherein

When the modularized circuit board is mounted in position inside the enclosure, the hook portion of the elongated elastic portion on the handle-equipped locking member is hooked in the locking hole in the supportive panel on the enclosure, allowing the stopper surface to stop the modularized circuit board from being withdrawable and securely fix the modularized circuit board in position on the inside of the enclosure (page 6, col. 2, lines 29-35), and wherein

When the rear-end press-on portion of the elongated elastic portion on the handle-equipped locking member is pressed on, it causes the hook portion of the elongated elastic portion to be released from the locking hole, allowing the modularized circuit board to be manually withdrawable from the enclosure (page 6, col. 2, lines 36-38).

- 3. With respect to claim 3, Richards discloses a modularized circuit board mounting architecture in accordance with claim 1 wherein the modularized circuit board is an expansion card for a desktop computer, and the enclosure is the desktop computer's casing (page 6, col. 1, lines 16-19).
- 4. With respect to claim 6, Richards discloses a modularized circuit board mounting architecture in accordance with claim 1 wherein the elongated elastic portion of the handle-equipped locking member is made of plastics (page 6, col. 2 lines 63-64).

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

- 5. Claims 2, 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Richards in view of Tanzer et al.
- 6. With respect to claim 2, Richards discloses a modularized circuit board mounting architecture in accordance with claim 1 as noted above in the rejections under 35 USC 102(b), however, Richards does not disclose expressly wherein the modularized circuit board is an expansion card for a network server, and the enclosure is the network server's chassis.

The Tanzer reference, however, discloses a modularized circuit board is an expansion card for a network server, and the enclosure is the network server's chassis (page 14, col. 2, lines 64-66).

Richards and Tanzer are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor (circuit board holder).

At the time the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to replace the circuit card of Richards with a network server card, and the enclosure is the network server's chassis.

The suggestion or motivation for doing so would have been obvious in view of the teaching of Tanzer for networks communication purposes.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Tanzer with Richards for the benefit of communicating between computers.

7. With respect to claim 4, Richards discloses a modularized circuit board mounting architecture in accordance with claim 1 as noted above in the rejections under 35 USC 102(b), however, Richards does not disclose expressly wherein the handle-equipped locking member is securely attached to the substrate by means of a fastening architecture.

The Tanzer reference, however, discloses the handle-equipped locking member is securely attached to the substrate by means of a fastening architecture (Fig.7).

Richards and Tanzer are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor (circuit board holder).

At the time the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add a fastening architecture to the handle-equipped locking member of the circuit board holder of Richards.

The suggestion or motivation for doing so would have been obvious in view of the teaching of Richards such that the fastening will enhance the strength of holding the locking member.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Tanzer with Richards for the benefit of securing the locking member.

8. With respect to claim 5, Richards discloses a modularized circuit board mounting architecture in accordance with claim 1 as noted above in the rejections under 35 USC 102(b), however, Richards does not disclose expressly wherein the handle-equipped locking member further includes a ring-shaped handle portion to assist manual withdrawal of the circuit board from the enclosure.

The Tanzer reference, however, discloses the handle-equipped locking member includes a ring-shaped handle portion (Fig.3 element 204).

Richards and Tanzer are analogous art because they are from the same field of endeavor (circuit board holder).

At the time the invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to add a ring-shaped handle portion to the handle-equipped locking member of the circuit board holder of Richards.

The suggestion or motivation for doing so would have been obvious in view of the teaching of Richards such that the ring-shaped handle portion allows the user to grip on with a finger when placing or removing the circuit board.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine Tanzer with Richards for the benefit of convenient for the user in placing or removing the circuit board.

Relevant Prior Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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9. The Chen et al (US 6,431,765) and Poplawski et al (US 5,734,558) references disclose a handle-equipped locking member, which includes a rear end press-on portion and a stopper.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Due N. Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-5984. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday, 9:00am-6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamand Cuneo can be reached on (571) 272-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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